

AS1320

200mA Step-Up DC-DC Converter

Data Sheet

1 General Description

The AS1320 is a high-efficiency step-up DC-DC converter designed to generate a fixed voltage of +3.3V.

The AS1320 achieves an efficiency of up to 90%. The minimum input voltage is 1.5V, the output voltage is fixed at 3.3V, and output current is up to 200mA (@ 2V).

In order to save power the AS1320 features a shutdown mode, where it draws less than 1µA. In shutdown mode the battery is connected directly to the output enabling the supply of real-time-clocks.

The AS1320 provides a power-on reset output that goes high-impedance when the output reaches 90% of its regulation point.

The SHDNN trip threshold of the AS1320 can be used as an input voltage detector that disables the device when the battery voltage falls to a predetermined level.

An internal synchronous rectifier is included, thus an external transistor or Schottky diode is not required.

The AS1320 is available in a 6-pin SOT23 package.

2 Key Features

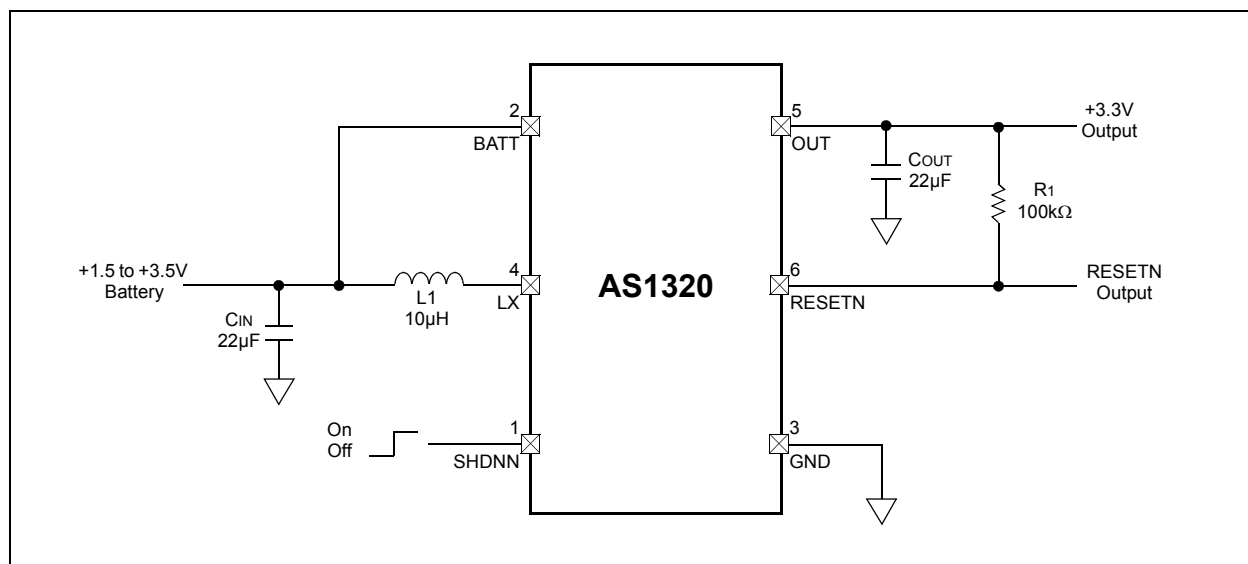
- Fixed Output Voltage: 3.3V
- Output Current: Up to 200mA (@ 2V)
- Internal Synchronous Rectifier
- Requires No External Schottky Diode or FETs
- Shutdown Mode Supply Current: Less Than 1µA
- Efficiency: Up to 90%
- Minimum Input Voltage: +1.5V
- Accurate Shutdown Low-Battery Cutoff Threshold
- Battery Input Connected to Pin OUT in Shutdown Mode for Backup Power
- 6-pin SOT23 Package

3 Applications

The AS1320 is ideal for low-power applications where ultra-small size is critical as in medical diagnostic equipment, hand-held instruments, pagers, digital cameras, remote wireless transmitters, cordless phones, and PC cards.

The device is also perfect as a local 3.3V supply or as a battery backup.

Figure 1. Application Diagram



4 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed in [Table 1](#) may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in [Section 5 Electrical Characteristics on page 3](#) is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Comments
All Pins to GND	-0.3	7	V	
LX Current		1	A	
Latch-Up	-100	100	mA	JEDEC 78
Package Power Dissipation ($T_{AMB} = +70^{\circ}\text{C}$)		500	mW	($\Theta_{JA} = 9.1\text{mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ above $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$)
Operating Temperature Range	-40	+85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Electrostatic Discharge	-500	+500	V	HBM MIL-Std. 883E 3015.7 methods
Humidity (Non-Condensing)	5	85	%	
Storage Temperature Range	-55	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Junction Temperature		150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	IEC 617610-1
Package Body Temperature		260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	The reflow peak soldering temperature (body temperature) specified is in compliance with PC/JEDEC J-STD-020C "Moisture/ Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Non-Hermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices".

5 Electrical Characteristics

$T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{BATT} = +2\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = +3.3$, $V_{SHDNN} = +1.5\text{V}$ (unless otherwise specified). Typ values @ $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Table 2. Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Battery Input Range	V_{BATT}		1.5		3.5	V
Startup Battery Input Voltage ¹	V_{SU}	$R_{LOAD} = 47\Omega$, $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.22	1.5	V
		$R_{LOAD} = 47\Omega$, $T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.24		
Output Voltage ²	V_{OUT}	$T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$	3.267	3.300	3.333	V
		$T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	3.217		3.373	
N-Channel On-Resistance	R_{NCH}	$I_{LX} = 100\text{mA}$, $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.3	1.2	Ω
		$I_{LX} = 100\text{mA}$, $T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.5	
P-Channel On-Resistance	R_{PCH}	$I_{LX} = 100\text{mA}$, $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.4	1.3	Ω
		$I_{LX} = 100\text{mA}$, $T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.6	
N-Channel Switch Current Limit ¹	I_{MAX}	$T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$	550	700	850	mA
		$T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	450		950	
Switch Maximum On-Time	t_{ON}	$T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$	5	7	9	μs
		$T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	4		10	
Synchronous Rectifier Zero-Crossing Current		$T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$	8	30	60	mA
		$T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	0		65	
Quiescent Current into OUT		$V_{OUT} = +3.5\text{V}$, $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$		35	55	μA
		$V_{OUT} = +3.5\text{V}$, $T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			60	
Shutdown Current into OUT		$V_{SHDNN} = 0\text{V}$, $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.01	1	μA
		$V_{SHDNN} = 0\text{V}$, $T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			2	
Quiescent Current into BATT		$V_{OUT} = +3.5\text{V}$, $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.01	1	μA
		$V_{OUT} = +3.5\text{V}$, $T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			2	
Shutdown Current into BATT		$V_{SHDNN} = 0\text{V}$, $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.01	1	μA
		$V_{SHDNN} = 0\text{V}$, $T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			2	
SHDNN Logic Low ¹		$V_{BATT} = +1.5$ to $+3.5\text{V}$			0.3	V
SHDNN Threshold		Rising Edge, $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.185	1.228	1.271	V
		Rising Edge, $T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.170		1.286	
SHDNN Threshold Hysteresis				0.02		V
RESETN Threshold		Falling Edge, $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$	2.830	3.000	3.110	V
		Falling Edge, $T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	2.800		3.140	
RESETN Voltage Low		$I_{RESETN} = 1\text{mA}$, $V_{OUT} = +2.5\text{V}$, $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.15	V
		$I_{RESETN} = 1\text{mA}$, $V_{OUT} = +2.5\text{V}$, $T_{AMB} = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.2	
RESETN Leakage Current		$V_{RESETN} = +5.5\text{V}$, $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.1	100	nA
		$V_{RESETN} = +5.5\text{V}$, $T_{AMB} = +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		1		
LX Leakage Current		$T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.1	1000	nA
		$T_{AMB} = +85^{\circ}\text{C}$		10		
Maximum Load Current	I_{LOAD}	$V_{BATT} = +2\text{V}$		200		mA
Efficiency	η	$V_{BATT} = +3\text{V}$, $I_{LOAD} = 100\text{mA}$		90		%

1. Guaranteed by design.

2. Voltage which triggers next loading cycle. Ripple and rms value depend on external components.

6 Typical Operating Characteristics

$V_{OUT} = 3.3V$, $V_{BATT} = +2V$, $T_{AMB} = +25^{\circ}C$.

Figure 2. V_{OUT} vs. V_{BATT} ; On, 16Ω

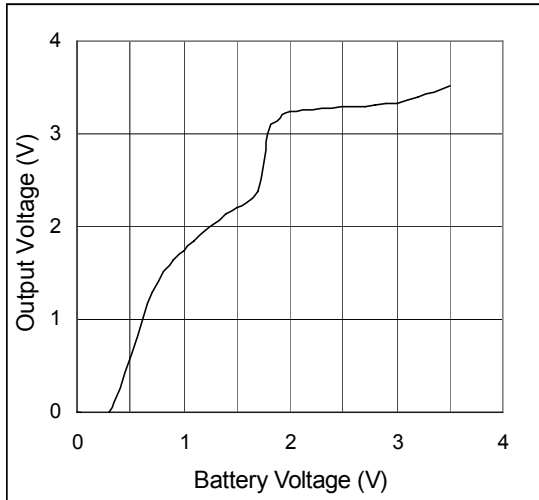


Figure 3. V_{OUT} vs. V_{BATT} ; On, 330Ω

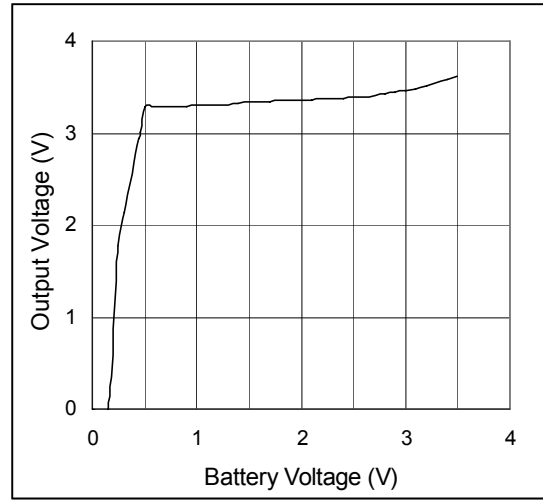


Figure 4. V_{OUT} vs. V_{BATT} ; Shutdown, $200mA$ Load

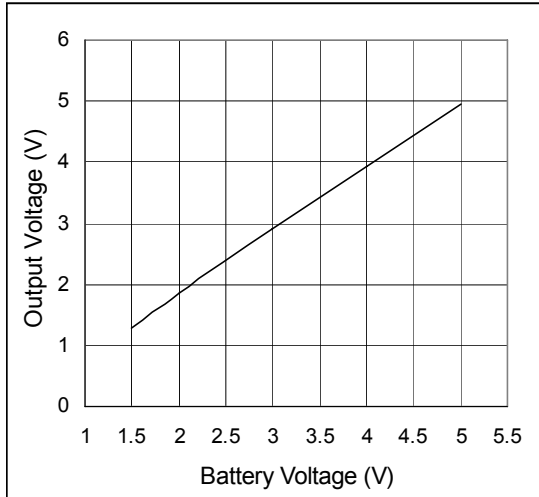


Figure 5. V_{OUT} vs. V_{BATT} ; Shutdown, No Load

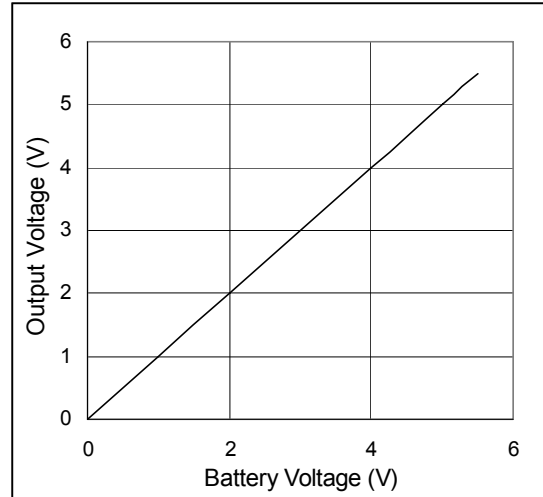


Figure 6. Maximum Output Current vs. V_{BATT}

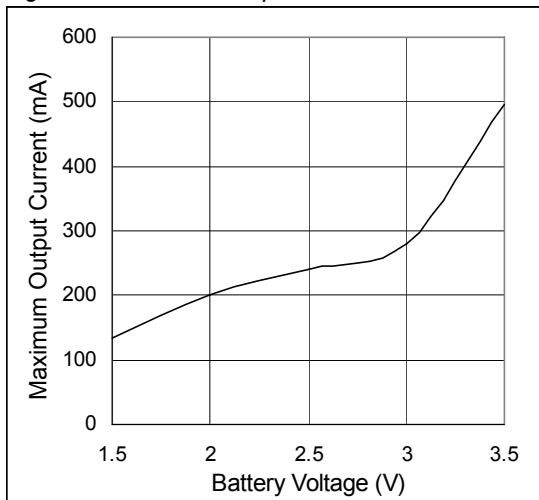


Figure 7. Startup Voltage vs. Load Resistance

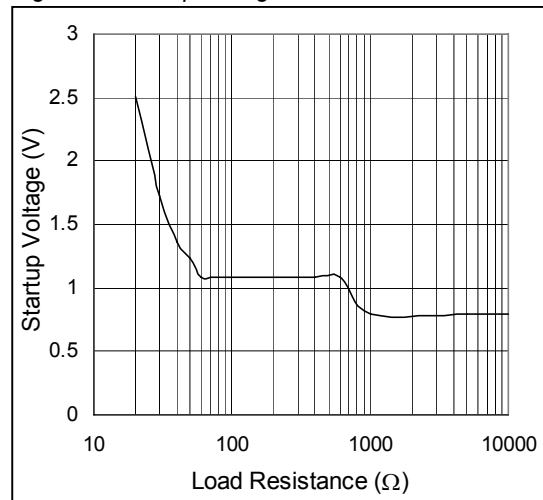


Figure 8. Line Transient

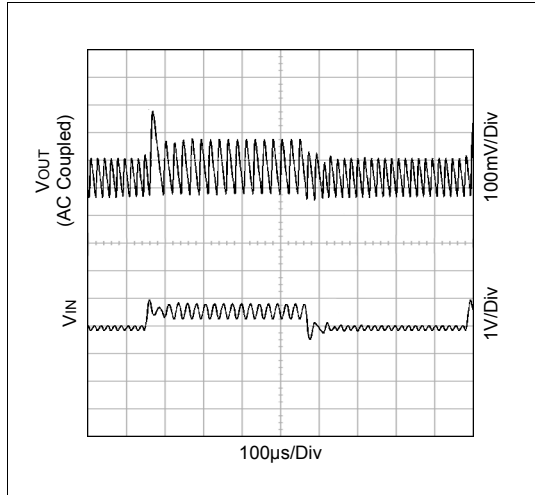


Figure 9. Load Transient

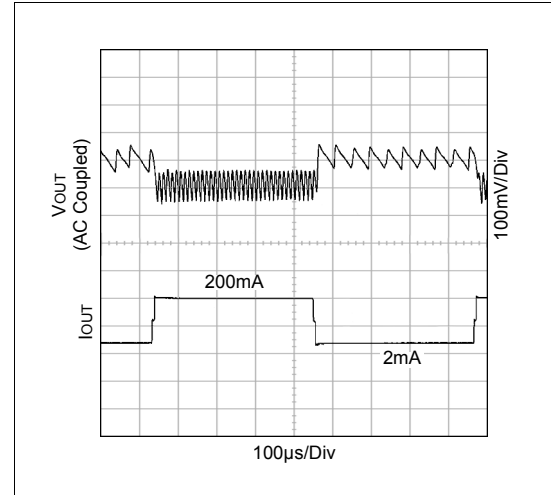


Figure 10. On/Off Response; $R_{LOAD} = 33\Omega$

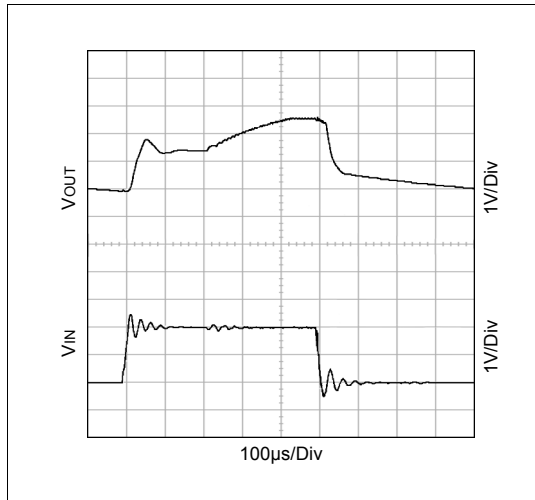


Figure 11. Shutdown Response; $R_{LOAD} = 33\Omega$

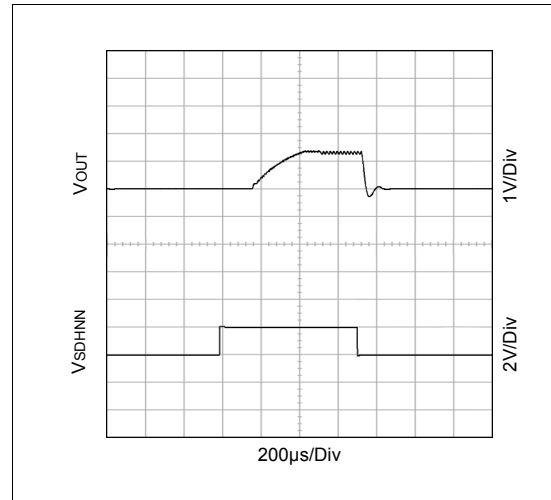


Figure 12. Switching Waveforms; $R_{LOAD} = 33\Omega$

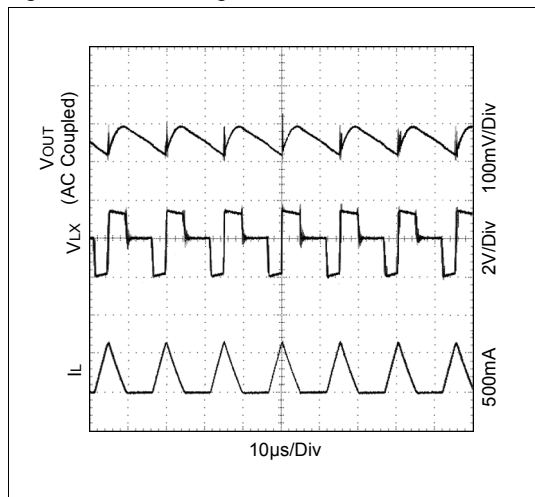
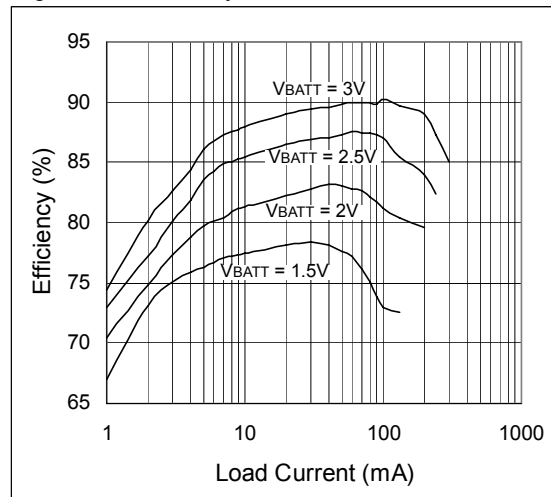


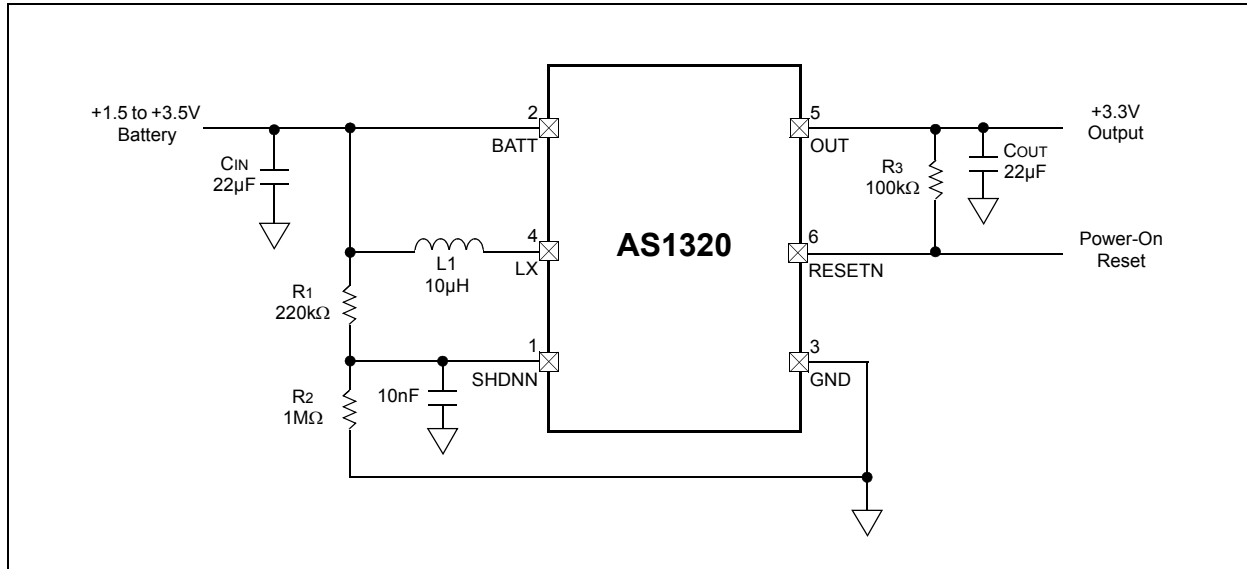
Figure 13. Efficiency vs. Load Current



Low-Battery Cutoff

The AS1320 SHDNN trip threshold (1.228V) can be used as an input voltage detector that disables the device when the battery input voltage falls to a pre-set level. An external resistor-divider network can be used to set the battery-detection voltage (see Figure 15).

Figure 15. Low-Battery Cutoff Application Diagram



For the resistor-divider network shown in Figure 15, calculate the value for R1 by:

$$R1 = R2 \times ((V_{OFF}/V_{SHDNN}) - 1) \quad (EQ 1)$$

Where:

V_{OFF} is the battery voltage at which the AS1320 shuts down.

$V_{SHDNN} = 1.228V$

The value of R2 should be between 100kΩ and 1MΩ to minimize battery drain.

Note: Input ripple can cause false shutdowns, therefore to minimize the effect of ripple, a low-value capacitor from SHDNN to GND should be used to filter out input noise. The value of the capacitor should be such that the R/C time constant is $> 2ms$.

Power-On Reset

The AS1320 provides a power-on reset output (RESETN) that goes high-impedance when the output reaches 90% of its regulation point. RESETN goes low when the output is below 90% of the regulation point. A 100kΩ to 1MΩ pullup resistor between pin RESETN and pin OUT can provide a microprocessor logic control signal.

Note: Connect pin RESETN to GND when the power-on reset feature is not used.

8 Application Information

Inductor Selection

The control circuitry of the AS1320 permits a wide range of inductor values to be selected – from 4.7 to 47µH; 10µH is ideal for most applications.

The intended application should dictate the value of L. The trade-off between required PCB surface area and desired output ripple are the determining factors: smaller values for L require less PCB space, larger values of L reduce output ripple. If the value of L is large enough to prevent I_{MAX} from being reached before t_{ON} expires, the AS1320 output power will be reduced.

For maximum output current calculate the value for L as:

$$(V_{BATT(MAX)}(1\mu s))/0.7A < L < (V_{BATT(MIN)}(7\mu s))/0.7A \quad (EQ 2)$$

$$I_{OUT(MAX)} = (0.7A/2)(V_{BATT(MIN)} - (0.7A/2)(R_{NCH} + R_{IND}))/V_{OUT} \quad (EQ 3)$$

Where:

R_{IND} is the inductor series resistance.

R_{NCH} is the R_{DS(ON)} of the N-channel MOSFET (0.3Ω typ).

Note: Coils should be able to handle 300mARMS or 1APEAK and should have a R_{IND} ≤ 100mΩ.

Capacitor Selection

C_{OUT} Selection

Choose a C_{OUT} value to achieve the desired output ripple percentage. A 22µF ceramic capacitor is a good initial value. The value for C_{OUT} can be determined by:

$$C_{OUT} > (0.5 \times L \times 0.7A^2)/(r\% \times V_{OUT}^2) \quad (EQ 4)$$

Where:

r is the desired output ripple in %.

C_{IN} Selection

C_{IN} reduces the peak current drawn from the battery and can be the same value as C_{OUT}. A larger value for C_{IN} can be used to further reduce ripple and improve AS1320 efficiency.

PC Board Layout and Grounding

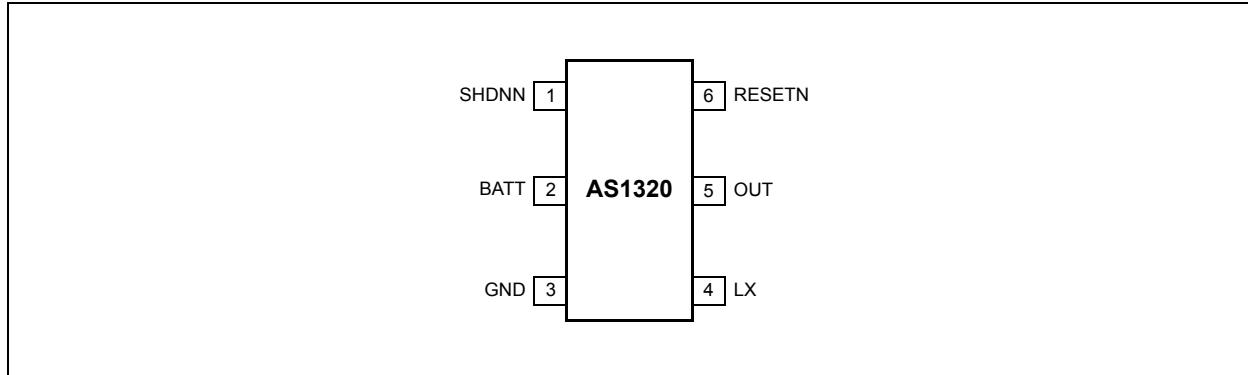
Well-designed printed circuit-board layout is important for minimizing ground bounce and noise.

- Place pin GND lead and the ground leads of C_{IN} and C_{OUT} as close to the device as possible.
- Keep the lead to pin LX as short as possible.
- To maximize output power and efficiency and minimize output ripple voltage, use a ground plane and solder the GND pin directly to the ground plane.

9 Pinout and Packaging

Pin Assignments

Figure 16. Pin Assignments (Top View)



Pin Descriptions

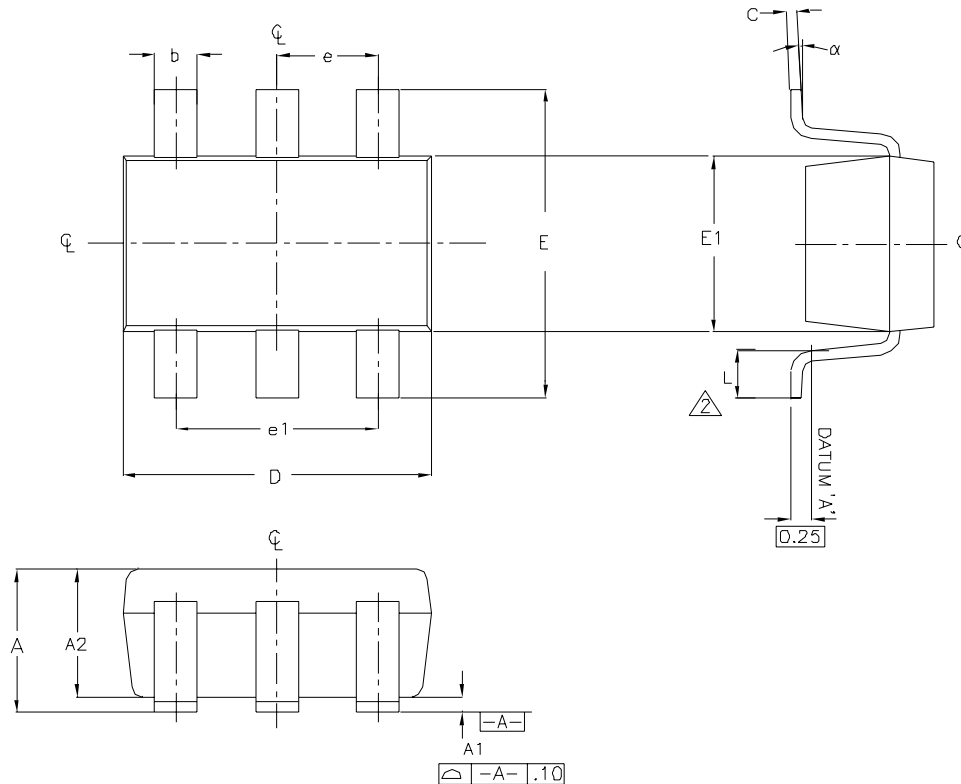
Table 3. Pin Descriptions

Name	Pin Number	Description
SHDNN	1	Active-Low Logic Shutdown Input 0 = The AS1320 is off and the current into BATT is $\leq 1\mu\text{A}$ (typ). 1 = The AS1320 is on.
BATT	2	Battery Voltage Input
GND	3	Ground
LX	4	External Inductor Connection
OUT	5	Output Voltage
RESETN	6	Active-Low reset output

Package Drawings and Markings

The AS1320 is available in a 6-pin SOT23 package.

Figure 17. 6-pin SOT23 Package



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
2. Foot length is measured at the intercept point between datum A and lead surface.
3. Package outline exclusive of mold flash and metal burr.
4. Pin 1 is the lower left pin when reading the top mark from left to right.
5. Pin 1 identifier dot is $0.3\text{mm} \phi$ min and is located above pin 1.
6. Meets JEDEC MO178.

Symbol	Min	Max
A	0.90	1.45
A1	0.00	0.15
A2	0.90	1.30
b	0.35	0.50
C	0.08	0.20
D	2.80	3.00
E	2.60	3.00
E1	1.50	1.75
L	0.35	0.55
e	0.95 REF	
α	0°	10°

10 Ordering Information

The AS1320 is available as the standard products shown in [Table 4](#).

Table 4. Ordering Information

Part	Description	Delivery Form	Package
AS1320-T	200mA Step-Up DC-DC Converter	Tape and Reel	6-pin SOT23

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